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# **pillow\_affine**

***Release 0.1***

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`pillow_affine` provides affine transformation utilities for `Pillow`. While `Pillow` includes functionality for affine transformations

```
from PIL import Image

image = Image.open(...)
image.transform(image.size, Image.AFFINE, data=None)
```

the `data` parameter is not well documented. Even if you are familiar with affine transformations, it is inconvenient to use. `pillow_affine` can help with that by providing an intuitive and convenient interface:

```
from PIL import Image
from pillow_affine import transforms

image = Image.open(...)
transform = transforms.Rotate(30.0)

transform_params = transform.extract_transform_params(image.size)
image.transform(*transform_params)
```

`pillow_affine` requires Python 3.6 or later. The code lives on [GitHub](#) and is licensed under the [3-Clause BSD License](#).



## GETTING STARTED

### 1.1 Installation

`pillow_affine` is a proper Python package and listed on [PyPI](#). To install the latest stable version run

```
pip install pillow_affine
```

To install the latest unreleased version from source run

```
git clone https://github.com/pmeier/pillow_affine
cd pillow_affine
pip install .
```

#### 1.1.1 Installation for developers

If you want to contribute to `pyimagetest` please install from source with the `[dev]` extra in order to install all required development tools.

```
git clone https://github.com/pmeier/pyimagetest
cd pyimagetest
pip install .[dev]
```

### 1.2 Coordinate system

**Warning:** `pillow_affine` uses a different, presumably more intuitive, coordinate system than `Pillow`:

Property	<code>Pillow</code>	<code>pillow_affine</code>
origin, i.e. $(0.0, 0.0)$	top-left	bottom-left
horizontal positive direction	rightwards	rightwards
vertical positive direction	downwards	upwards

## 1.3 Usage examples

Every affine transformation is build from 4 `ElementaryTransform`s:

- *Shear*
- *Rotate*
- *Scale*
- *Translate*

To create a more complex transformation these `ElementaryTransform`s can be chained together with a `ComposedTransform`

The following examples showcase the functionality of `pillow_affine` based on the following image:



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**Note:** The above image can be downloaded [here](#) and is cleared for unrestricted usage.

---

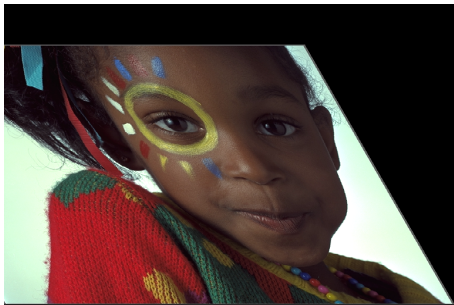
### 1.3.1 Shear

```
from pillow_affine import Shear

transform1 = Shear(30.0)
transform2 = Shear(30.0, clockwise=True)
transform3 = Shear(30.0, center=(0.0, 0.0))
```







### 1.3.2 Rotate

```
from pillow_affine import Rotate

transform1 = Rotate(30.0)
transform2 = Rotate(30.0, clockwise=True)
transform3 = Rotate(30.0, center=(0.0, 0.0))
```

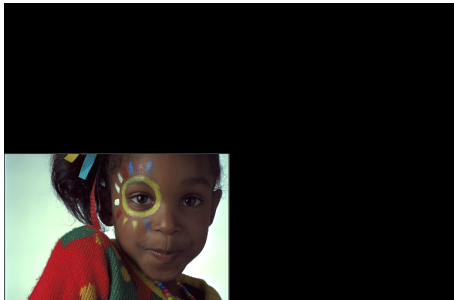




### 1.3.3 Scale

```
from pillow_affine import Scale

transform1 = Scale(2.0)
transform2 = Scale((0.3, 1.0))
transform3 = Scale(0.5, center=(0.0, 0.0))
```



### 1.3.4 Translate

```
from pillow_affine import Translate

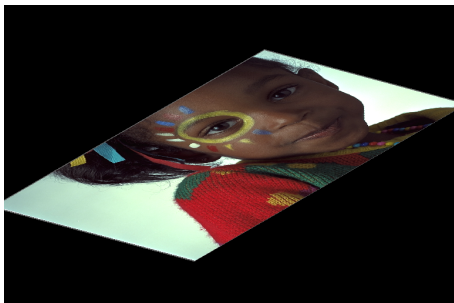
transform1 = Translate((100.0, 50.0))
transform2 = Translate((100.0, 50.0), inverse=True)
```



### 1.3.5 ComposedTransform

```
from pillow_affine import Shear, Rotate, Scale, Translate, ComposedTransform

transform1 = ComposedTransform(
    Shear(45.0),
    Rotate(30.0),
    Scale(0.7),
)
transform2 = ComposedTransform(
    Scale((0.3, 0.7)),
    Rotate(70.0, clockwise=True),
    Translate((50.0, 20.0))
)
```





### 1.3.6 expand

```
from pillow_affine import Shear

transform = Shear(30.0)
transform_params1 = transform.extract_transform_params(size)
transform_params2 = transform.extract_transform_params(size, expand=True)
```



## REFERENCE

## 2.1 pillow\_affine package

### 2.1.1 Submodules

### 2.1.2 pillow\_affine.matrix module

`pillow_affine.matrix.shearing_matrix` (*angle*, *clockwise=False*)

Creates an affine horizontal shearing matrix in the form

$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\sin \varphi & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \varphi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters**

- **angle** (float) – Angle  $\varphi$  in degrees.
- **clockwise** (bool) – If True, the shearing will be performed clockwise. Defaults to False.

**Return type** Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]

**Returns** Parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .

`pillow_affine.matrix.rotation_matrix` (*angle*, *clockwise=False*)

Creates an affine rotation matrix in the form

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi & -\sin \varphi & 0 \\ \sin \varphi & \cos \varphi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters**

- **angle** (float) – Angle  $\varphi$  in degrees.
- **clockwise** (bool) – If True, the rotation will be performed clockwise. Defaults to False.

**Return type** Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]

**Returns** Parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .

`pillow_affine.matrix.scaling_matrix` (*factor*)

Creates an affine scaling matrix in the form

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{\text{horz}} & & 0 \\ 0 & c_{\text{vert}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters** **factor** (Union[float, Tuple[float, float]]) – Horizontal and vertical scaling factors ( $c_{\text{horz}}$ ,  $c_{\text{vert}}$ ). If scalar, the same factor is used for both directions.

**Return type** Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]

**Returns** Parameters  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $d$ ,  $e$ ,  $f$ .

`pillow_affine.matrix.translation_matrix(translation, inverse=False)`

Creates an affine scaling matrix in the form

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_{\text{horz}} \\ 0 & 1 & t_{\text{vert}} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters**

- **translation** (Tuple[float, float]) – Horizontal and vertical translation. ( $t_{\text{horz}}$ ,  $t_{\text{vert}}$ )
- **inverse** (bool) – If True, the translation will be performed in the opposite direction. Defaults to False.

**Return type** Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]

**Returns** Parameters  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $d$ ,  $e$ ,  $f$ .

### 2.1.3 pillow\_affine.transforms module

`class pillow_affine.transforms.AffineTransform`

Bases: `abc.ABC`

ABC for all affine transformations.

**extract\_transform\_params** (*size*, *expand=False*)

Extracts the transformation parameters that need to be passed to `Image.transform()` for the affine transformation. An simple call might look like:

```
from PIL import Image
from pillow_affine import transforms

image = Image.open(...)
transform = transforms.Rotate(30.0)

transform_params = transform.extract_transform_params(image.size)
transformed_image = image.transform(*transform_params)
```

**Parameters**

- **size** (Tuple[int, int]) – Image size (width, height).
- **expand** (bool) – If True, expands the canvas to hold the complete transformed motif. Defaults to False.

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**Note:** If you use the `expand` flag the motif is centered on the canvas and thus any final translation is removed.

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**Return type** Tuple[Tuple[int, int], int, Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]]

#### Returns

size, method, and data parameters for [Image.transform\(\)](#)

**class** pillow\_affine.transforms.**Shear** (*angle, clockwise=False, center=None*)

Bases: pillow\_affine.transforms.ElementaryTransform

Affine horizontal shearing transformation.

#### Parameters

- **angle** (float) – Shearing angle in degrees.
- **clockwise** (bool) – If True, the shearing will be performed clockwise. Defaults to False.
- **center** (Optional[Tuple[float, float]]) – Optional center of the shearing. Defaults to the center of the image.

**class** pillow\_affine.transforms.**Rotate** (*angle, clockwise=False, center=None*)

Bases: pillow\_affine.transforms.ElementaryTransform

Affine rotation transformation.

#### Parameters

- **angle** (float) – Rotation angle in degrees.
- **clockwise** (bool) – If True, the rotation will be performed clockwise. Defaults to False.
- **center** (Optional[Tuple[float, float]]) – Optional center of the rotation. Defaults to the center of the image.

**class** pillow\_affine.transforms.**Scale** (*factor, center=None*)

Bases: pillow\_affine.transforms.ElementaryTransform

Affine scaling transformation

#### Parameters

- **factor** (Union[float, Tuple[float, float]]) – Horizontal and vertical scaling factors. If scalar, the same factor is used for both directions.
- **center** (Optional[Tuple[float, float]]) – Optional center of the scaling. Defaults to the center of the image.

**class** pillow\_affine.transforms.**Translate** (*translation, inverse=False*)

Bases: pillow\_affine.transforms.ElementaryTransform

Affine translation transformation

#### Parameters

- **translation** (Tuple[float, float]) – Horizontal and vertical translation.
- **inverse** (bool) – If True, the translation will be performed in the opposite direction. Defaults to False.

**class** pillow\_affine.transforms.**ComposedTransform**(\*transforms)

Bases: *pillow\_affine.transforms.AffineTransform*

Composed affine transformation by chaining multiple *AffineTransform*s together. An simple example might look like:

```
from PIL import Image
from pillow_affine import transforms

image = Image.open(...)
transform = transforms.ComposedTransform(
    transforms.Rotate(30.0), transforms.Translate((50.0, 100.0))
)

transform_params = transform.extract_transform_params(image.size)
transformed_image = image.transform(*transform_params)
```

**Parameters** *transforms* (*AffineTransform*) – Individual *AffineTransform*s.

## 2.1.4 pillow\_affine.utils module

**pillow\_affine.utils.Coordinate**

alias of `typing.Tuple`

**pillow\_affine.utils.Matrix**

alias of `typing.Tuple`

**pillow\_affine.utils.matmul** (*matrix1*, *matrix2*)

Matrix product

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ d_1 & e_1 & f_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ d_2 & e_2 & f_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters**

- **matrix1** (`Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]`) – Parameters  $a_1, b_1, c_1, d_1, e_1, f_1$ .
- **matrix2** (`Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]`) – Parameters  $a_2, b_2, c_2, d_2, e_2, f_2$ .

**Return type** `Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]`

**Returns** Parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .

**pillow\_affine.utils.left\_matmuls** (\**matrices*)

Matrix product of  $N$  matrices from the left

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_N & b_N & c_N \\ d_N & e_N & f_N \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \dots \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_n & b_n & c_n \\ d_n & e_n & f_n \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \dots \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ d_1 & e_1 & f_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters** \***matrices** – Parameters  $a_n, b_n, c_n, d_n, e_n, f_n$  of each matrix.

**Return type** `Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]`

**Returns** Parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .



`pillow_affine.utils.matinv(matrix)`

Matrix inverse

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} a' & b' & c' \\ d' & e' & f' \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters** **matrix** (Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]) – Parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .

**Return type** Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]

**Returns** Parameters  $a', b', c', d', e', f'$ .

`pillow_affine.utils.deg2rad(angle_in_deg)`

Converts an angle from degrees to radians

**Parameters** **angle\_in\_deg** (float) – Angle in degrees.

**Return type** float

**Returns** Angle in radians.

`pillow_affine.utils.transform_coordinate(coordinate, matrix)`

Transforms a coordinate based on an affine matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Parameters**

- **coordinate** (Tuple[float, float]) – Coordinate  $(x, y)$ .
- **matrix** (Tuple[float, float, float, float, float, float]) – Affine parameters  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ .

**Return type** Tuple[float, float]

**Returns** Transformed coordinate  $(x', y')$ .

## 2.1.5 Module contents



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